Election Observation

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Purpose of Election Observation

- Assess electoral process according to domestic law and international standards
- If election reflects will of the people, build confidence in election's integrity and acceptance of electoral results
- If election is flawed, document how it falls short of democratic standards

International Election Observation

- Legitimacy: government authority derives from citizens as determined in elections
 - Elections essential for democracy (representative government)
 - All "partly free" and most "not free" countries hold elections
- International acceptance
- Recognized international norm

International Standards for Elections

- Universal Declaration of Human Rights: basis of government authority is "the will of the people ... expressed in periodic and genuine elections" with "universal and equal suffrage" and "held by secret vote"
- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- Inter-Parliamentary Union Declaration on Criteria for Free and Fair Elections

Regional Recognition of Elections

- African Charter on Democracy, Elections and Governance
- Southern Africa Development Community Principles and Guidelines Governing Democratic Elections
- Inter-American Democratic Charter
- Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe Copenhagen Declaration

Election Monitors

- Party agents: promote acceptance of results
- Domestic non-partisan: understand local conditions; have wide/comprehensive reach
- International: confer legitimacy; attract international media

 Domestic and international observation reinforce each other