International Electoral Observation Briefing & Information session

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Organization of American States

Organization of American States

- → Oldest Regional Organization in the world
- → Representative Democracy as an "essential element to socio-economic development"
- → Thirty four Member States
- Decisions taken by consensus (no security council)

What gives you the right? Mandates to Observe Elections

- → Founding Charter
- → Resolution 1080
- → Resolution 991
- → Inter-American Democratic Charter

Election Observation Activity

- → 130 elections in 22 member states
- → Presidential, parliamentary, municipal, constituent assembly, referendums and internal political party elections.
- → 17 of 22 elections held in 2006

Profile of Observers

→ Cross section of society of the Americas

→ Speak the language of the country.

→ Cannot be from the country.

Types of Observers

- → Chief of Mission
- + Core Group
- → Regional Coordinator
- **→** Short Term Observers
- → Volunteers

Activities of Observers

- +Training
- + Deployment
- Observation of Political Campaign
- "Meet and Greet"
- → Visit deployment route
- → Election Day information collection
- → Monitor transmission of Results

Election Day Information

Qualitative: Opening, Voting and Closing of the Polls

+Qualitative:
Complaints/Irregularities

→Quantitative: Quick Count

What is a quick count?

- → Statistical sample from which actual results are collected.
- **→ NOT AN EXIT POLL!**
- → Used to determine a range of possibilities within a pre-established margin of error.
- → NOT USED TO PROJECT OR PROCLAIM THE WINNER!

REPORTING

- Observer forms are consolidated by regional team
- → Regional Coordinator drafts report
- Chief of Mission drafts a final report for the OAS Permanent Council

In Situ Reporting

→Pre- and post-election press releases issued by Chief of Mission

→Preliminary Reports

+ "Quiet Diplomacy"

OAS Observation Methodology

- → Uniformity of information collection and analysis from one election to another.
- → Universal Declaration of Principles of International Observation and Observer Code of Conduct.
- → Assess election process in its entirety.

Mission Criteria for Election Observation

+Inclusive

+ "Clean" Elections

+Competitive

+Sustainability of Public Office

Inclusive

Women (15 percent legislative representation)

Afro-descendents (40 percent of population; about one percent legislative representation)

+Indigenous

"Clean" Elections

- +Electoral Registry
- +Logistical aspects
- Privacy of vote
- +Security, but not onerous
- Vote count and transmission of results

Competitive

+ "Equitable" Political Party financing.

+Access to the Media

+Use of State resources in an era of re-election.

Sustainability of Public Office

Do the elected offices retain their authority after the elections?

→ Do those elected remain in office?

The 2006 Election Cycle: Preliminary Conclusions

- →Increased number of elected posts and increased number of elections.
- →Elections as a an outlet for tension instead of its cause.
- Undisputed authority of electoral authorities.
- →Increased use of media.